## PPACA: The 15-16 School Year, and Beyond

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## PPACA Checklist

## 2015

- Large Employer Number (Spreadsheet)
- Begin Lookback Counting
- Create Your First Legal and Practical "Impact List"

2016

- PPACA Reporting
- Staff Survey
- Form New Subgroups
- Finalize Lookback Counting
- Make Offers to Existing and New Employees
$\square$ Master the "new hire" rules


## Large Employer and Reporting Timeline



The Lookback Counting Timeline


## Why This Drives You Crazy



## PPACA Timeline

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## PPACA Issues Moving Forward


"You describe yourself as a 'free thinker'. That's good, because we can't afford to pay you."

## Full-time Employees

"The term full-time employee means, with respect to a calendar month, an employee who is employed at least 30 hours of service per week, or 130 hours of service in a calendar month."

- Employment break period: 4 weeks or more
- Hours of Service (numerator) / Weeks (denominator)

Must "offer" affordable insurance to 95\% (or all but 5) of your "full-time" employees.

## Create Your "I mpact Lists"

- Legal I mpact List: any employee who

1. Is "full time"
2. Does not receive affordable insurance

- Practical Impact List: remove
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- those receiving insurance elsewhere,
- high household income,
- Medicaid/Medicare/Chip eligible families, and
- employees who refuse to use the exchange

Tax/ Penalty Options


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$\qquad$ We need a new word that means 'pay up or die'."

## Understand Tax/ Penalty Options for "Full-time" Employees

- "Lookback Method"
- 12 -months worth of data (June 2015 to June 2016)
- Use the hours/weeks approach
- If FT during "lookback" you count as FT for the "stability period"
- If not FT during "lookback", then not full-time for the "stability period"
- Only pay the tax penalty on those who are FT (and an unaffordable offer)
Monthly Measurement Method
- You pay the tax penalty only in those months where the employee works 130 hours
- Allows calculation of penalties monthly based on hours for that month
- Individuals who may not be FT during the "lookback" may have some FT months


## Monthly vs. Lookback Paras

| Para \#1 | Para \#2 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Aug: 80 Feb: 140 | Aug: 80 Feb: 140 |
| Sept: 155 Mar: 150 | Sept: 140 Mar: 130 |
| Oct: 150 Apr: 135 | Oct: 140 Apr: 135 |
| Nov: 110 May: 100 | Nov: 100 May: 100 |
| Dec: 80 Jun: 0 | Dec: 80 Jun: 0 |
| Jan: 115 Jul: 0 | Jan: 115 Jul: 0 |
| - Lookback: $1215 / 40=30.38$, so you pay \$3,000 <br> - Monthly: 5 months of $>130$, so you pay $\$ 1,250$ | - Lookback: $1160 / 40=29$, so you pay $\$ 0$ <br> - Monthly: 5 months of $>130$, so you pay \$1,250 |


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## When cash-in-lieu is cash on top...

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- IRS attorneys and the DOL have commented $\qquad$
- Assume Employee A has the following offer: - $\$ 100 / \mathrm{mo}$. toward insurance, district pays the rest, or - $\$ 3000$ cash in lieu of insurance
" DOL/IRS: "employee share" of insurance is \$4,200
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- Employee forced to give up \$3,000 to accept offer
- Affordability based on Box 15
- Could have employee turn down "unaffordable" offer, take the cash, and obtain insurance on exchange
- Bargaining for post-transition relief begins this fall


## "New Hire" Rules




## The "new employee" definitions

" "Full-time": expected to work 30 "hours of service" per week

- "Part-time": expected to work less than 30 HOS/wk.
- "Variable hour": cannot "reasonably determine" whether the employee will work 30 HOS per week
- "Seasonal": works for 6 months or less beginning at the same time each year


## The 3 Buckets

## Bucket 1: full-time employee

- Treat as "full-time" employee right away
- Can have 90-day "limited non-assessment period"

Bucket 2: part-time, seasonal, or variable hour

- Use "initial measurement period" (IMP)
- Think "individual" measurement period
- Duration is irrelevant
- Don't have to offer coverage until IMP is over
- If FT, then "initial stability period"
- Possibly retroactive penalties


## The 3 Buckets

## Bucket 3: not full-time employee

- Not required to offer insurance
- Technically must track data for IMP
- Ex: 15-hour/week para
- You know the para won't ever be full time


## Examples

## New custodian: $\mathbf{4 0}$ hours per week

- Considered "full time" under PPACA
- Must offer affordable insurance within 90 days
- Enroll the employee in the regular 16-17 cycle

Community Coach: variable hour or seasonal?

- Survey says: probably seasonal (6 months or less)
- Works approximately the same time each year
- Use IMP and/or keep hours under 30/wk.
- May be treated as new employee with a "break in service" of 26 weeks or more


## Examples

New para: contract says 30 hours per week

- Probably "variable hour" and subject to IMP
- Might not fit neatly within EHA enrollment systems
- Consider running IMP to align with regular "lookback"
"Long-term Sub" for maternity leave
- Probably a "full-time" employee
- Duration is irrelevant
- Ask: did he/she replace a full-time employee?
- Offer insurance? Maybe, maybe not...
- Be thinking about 95\% (or all but 5) offer rule


## Examples

## Retired teacher hired on "replacement contract"

" Probably "full-time" employee

- Do you offer benefits for the replacement period?
- Risk of penalties and employee may count against your 95\% offer rule


## Regular Substitutes

- Variable hour
- Use IMP
- Consider a policy restricting regular subs to 30 hours, 4 days per week, etc.


## Other Key Takeaways

" Considered a "new hire" if

- Break in service of 26 weeks or more
- Break in service is less than 26 weeks but longer than most recent period of employment
- This probably applies to all "seasonal" community coaches, but not if they sponsor 2 activities...
- Considering a former employee a "new hire" means beginning with the classification analysis and using an IMP if not "full time"


## Other Key Takeaways

- Try to align IMP with standard lookback period
- Hire employees within 1 month of your regular "lookback period"
- Could be best to treat your regular subs as "ongoing employees" and use your standard lookback period
- Probably don't count as "new employees"
- Rarely will be FT, but can add in bigger chunks of subbing and keep them under FT status
- Take a hard look at your policies regarding long-term subs and replacement contracts

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[^0]:    $\cdot 1 / 1 / 15$ : begin transition relief and reporting year

    - Jun. 15: lookback window begins
    - 7/30/15: today
    -12/31/15: end reporting year
    -1/31/16: distribute 1095C
    -2/28/16: submit 1094C (3/31 if filed electronically)
    -4/1/16: survey staff/form new subgroups
    - Jun. 2016: lookback window ends (and begins)
    - Jun. 2016: make new offers
    -9/1/16: begin tax penalties \& stability period

